

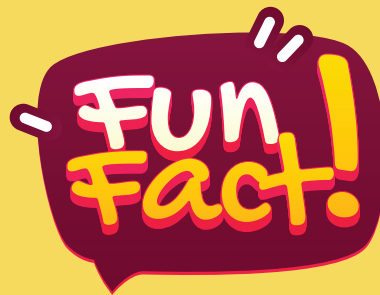


Geopark Lembah Kinta works with local communities, schools, and researchers to conserve bird habitats. **Small actions make a big difference.**

## What you can do?



- Keep rivers clean.
- Do not disturb nests.
- Support eco-friendly tourism.
- Join birdwatching programs.



Did you know? Kinta Valley is a **haven for countless bird species**, including migratory birds

**The Long-tailed Parakeet** is able to fly up to **40 km** a day.

**The limestone hills** around Kinta are among the **oldest in Malaysia**.

**Kingfishers can dive** at speeds of up to **40 km/h** to catch fish.



PEJABAT PENTADBIRAN GEOPARK LEMBAH KINTA

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Geopark Lembah Kinta



geoparklembahkinta

EXPLORE • DISCOVER • PROTECT

# Bird Wonders

of

KINTA VALLEY GEOPARK



*Discover the  
unique birdlife that colors  
our forests, rivers, and  
limestone hills.*



# Kinta Valley GEOPARK

Kinta Valley Geopark is home to rich biodiversity shaped by limestone landscapes, ancient caves, and lush forests. These habitats support a wide variety of bird species, from tiny kingfishers to majestic hornbills. Our mission is to protect nature while promoting education and sustainable tourism.



## Why **BIRDS** MATTER



Indicators of  
healthy ecosystems



Help control  
insects



Pollinators and  
seed dispersers



Cultural and  
ecotourism icons



**Asian Glossy Starling**  
*Aplonis Panayensis*

A shiny black-green bird with bright red eyes. Moves in large flocks and fills the sky with lively chatter.



**Blue-Eared Kingfisher**  
*Alcedo Meninting*

A shy, fast-diving hunter found along clean streams. Its bright blue feathers shine like a jewel in the forest shade.



**Eastern Cattle Egret**  
*Bubulcus Coromandus*

A white bird often seen near grazing animals, catching insects stirred from the ground. In breeding season, it grows orange feathers on its head and chest.



**Paddyfield Pipit**  
*Anthus Rufulus*

A small brown bird with streaked upperparts, often seen walking or running on grass. It feeds on insects and blends easily into its habitat.



**Grey-Headed Fish Eagle**  
*Haliaeetus Ichthyaeetus*

A large raptor with a grey head and dark brown body. It swoops over water to catch fish with its strong talons.



**Long-Tailed Parakeet**  
*Psittacula Longicauda*

A cheerful green parrot with a long tail. Travels in noisy flocks and loves feeding on fruits and blossoms.



**Oriental Pied Hornbill**  
*Anthracoseros Albirostris*

A social hornbill often seen in pairs. With its loud call and large casque, it is a symbol of Malaysia's wild forests.



**Spotted Dove**  
*Spilopelia Chinensis*

A gentle brown bird with black-and-white spotted neck patches. It feeds on seeds and grains and is often seen in gardens and parks.



**Yellow-Vented Bulbul**  
*Pycnonotus Goavir*

A small, active bird with brownish-grey feathers and a yellow vent. It eats fruits and insects and is often seen hopping between trees.




**Blue-Tailed Bee-Eater**  
*Merops Philippinus*

A colorful bird with a green body, blue tail, and yellow throat. It catches bees and insects mid-air with swift, agile flight.



## Birdwatching in Kinta Valley

-  Kinta Nature Park
-  Gunung Lang
-  Tasek Cermin
-  Limestone forest trails
-  Riverbank and wetland areas

## TIPS FOR BIRDWATCHERS



### STAY QUIET AND MOVE SLOWLY

Stay quiet and move slowly to avoid startling the birds.



### BRING BINOCULARS

Bring binoculars so you can observe birds clearly from a safe distance.



### AVOID FEEDING WILD BIRDS

Avoid feeding wild birds to keep their natural behaviour and diet healthy.



### RESPECT NESTING AREAS

Respect nesting areas by keeping your distance and avoiding any disturbance.



### TAKE PHOTOS, NOT SOUVENIRS

Take photos, not souvenirs to enjoy wildlife without harming the environment.